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ENLOE MEDICAL CENTER and ANGELA SIDNEY
(erroneously sued as Angela Sydney)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

JESSUP LAL,

Plaintiff,

v.

ENLOE MEDICAL CENTER; ANGELA
SYDNEY; and DOES 1 through 20, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. 2:22-cv-01540-KJM-DMC

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties

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1 acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to
2 discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited
3 information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles.
4 The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective
5 Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 141 sets forth
6 the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks
7 permission from the court to file material under seal.

8 2. DEFINITIONS

9 2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information
10 or items under this Order.

11 2.2 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is
12 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of
13 Civil Procedure 26(c).

14 2.3 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” Information or Items:
15 extremely sensitive “‘Confidential’ Information or Items” whose disclosure to another Party or non-
16 party would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less restrictive
17 means.

18 2.4 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as
19 their support staff).

20 2.5 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it
21 produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
22 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”.

23 2.6 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium
24 or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,
25 transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to
26 discovery in this matter.

1 2.7 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the
2 litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant
3 in this action.

4 2.8 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House Counsel
5 does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

6 2.9 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal
7 entity not named as a Party to this action.

8 2.10 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this action
9 but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action on behalf
10 of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

11 2.11 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
12 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

13 2.12 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material
14 in this action.

15 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (*e.g.*,
16 photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing, storing,
17 or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

18 2.14 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
19 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.”

20 2.15 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
21 Producing Party.

22 3. SCOPE

23 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as
24 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all
25 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,
26 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.
27 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following
28 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving
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1 Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of
2 publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record
3 through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the disclosure
4 or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the information
5 lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of Protected
6 Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

7 4. DURATION

8 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this
9 Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order
10 otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and
11 defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion
12 and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the time
13 limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

14 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

15 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or
16 Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit
17 any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The
18 Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral
19 or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or
20 communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of
21 this Order.

22 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown
23 to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to unnecessarily
24 encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on
25 other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions. If it comes to a Designating Party's attention
26 that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating
27 Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.
28

1 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (*see*,
2 *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or
3 Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before
4 the material is disclosed or produced.

5 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

6 (a) for information in documentary form (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents, but
7 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party
8 affix the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES
9 ONLY” to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on
10 a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s)
11 (*e.g.*, by making appropriate markings in the margins).

12 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for
13 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which
14 material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of
15 the material made available for inspection shall be deemed “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
16 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”. After the inspecting Party has identified the
17 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or
18 portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified
19 documents, the Producing Party must affix the “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL
20 – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion
21 or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly
22 identify the protected portion(s) (*e.g.*, by making appropriate markings in the margins).

23 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the
24 Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other
25 proceeding, all protected testimony.

26 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other
27 tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or
28 containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
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CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”. If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process by providing written notice of the designations it is challenging and describing the basis for the challenges. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely manner.

6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality within 21

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1 days of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer
2 process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be accompanied by
3 a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements
4 imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to make such a motion including
5 the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable) shall automatically waive the
6 confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In addition, the Challenging Party may
7 file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing so,
8 including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any motion
9 brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the
10 movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

11 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party.
12 Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary
13 expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the
14 Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to retain
15 confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level
16 of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the court rules on the
17 challenge.

18 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

19 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or
20 produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
21 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the
22 categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has been
23 terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL
24 DISPOSITION). Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location
25 and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

26 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by
27 the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any
28 information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

1 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as
2 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the
3 information for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
4 Bound" that is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**;

5 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving
6 Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the
7 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

8 (c) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is
9 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to
10 Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

11 (d) the court and its personnel;

12 (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors,
13 and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have
14 signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

15 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably
16 necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A),
17 unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed
18 deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound
19 by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated
20 Protective Order.

21 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or
22 other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

23 7.3 Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"
24 Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the
25 Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "HIGHLY
26 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:

27 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as employees
28 of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and
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1 who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” that is attached hereto as
2 Exhibit A;

3 (b) House Counsel of a Receiving Party (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary
4 for this litigation, and (2) who has signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order”
5 (Exhibit A);

6 (c) experts (as defined in this Order) (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary
7 for this litigation and (2) who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order”
8 (Exhibit A);

9 (d) the Court and its personnel as set forth in Paragraph 10 below and pursuant to Rule
10 2.551 of the California Rules of Court;

11 (e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is
12 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by
13 Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

14 (f) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

15 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
16 LITIGATION

17 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
18 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
19 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” that Party must:

20 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a
21 copy of the subpoena or court order;

22 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in
23 the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this
24 Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

25 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the
26 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

27 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena or
28 court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or
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1 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” before a determination by the court
2 from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s
3 permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that
4 court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing
5 or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

6 9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS
7 LITIGATION

8 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in
9 this action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’
10 EYES ONLY.” Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is
11 protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be
12 construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

13 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-
14 Party’s confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the
15 Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party’s confidential information, then the Party shall:

16 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some
17 or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

18 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective
19 Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the
20 information requested; and

21 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

22 (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14
23 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the
24 Non-Party’s confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely
25 seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or
26 control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by
27 the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of
28 seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED MATERIAL

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

12. MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the court in the future.

12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public

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1 record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material
2 must comply with Civil Local Rule 141. Protected Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to
3 a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local
4 Rule 141, a sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing that the Protected Material at
5 issue is privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a
6 Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 141 is
7 denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record unless
8 otherwise instructed by the court.

9 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

10 Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each
11 Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As
12 used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,
13 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the
14 Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to
15 the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day
16 deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was
17 returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts,
18 compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material.
19 Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion
20 papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and
21 trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if
22 such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute
23 Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

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IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

Dated: January 5, 2023

LAW OFFICES OF ANGELA HOOPER

/s/ Angela Hooper (Approved 1/5/2023)

Angela Hooper

Attorney for Plaintiff JESSUP LAL

Dated: January 5, 2023

LITTLER MENDELSON, P.C.

/s/ Douglas L. Ropel

Barbara A. Blackburn

Douglas L. Ropel

Alan Rivera

Attorneys for Defendants

ENLOE MEDICAL CENTER and ANGELA
SIDNEY (erroneously sued as Angela Sydney)

PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: January 6, 2023



DENNIS M. COTA

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California on [date] in the case of *Jessup Lal v. Enloe Medical Center, et al.*, case number 2:22-cv-01540-KJM-DMC. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of _____ [print or type full address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____

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